Poultry Anatomy and Physiology Assessment

Place the anatomy and physiology terms under the proper system.

Wattle Crop Air sacs Comb Proventriculus Nares Pneumatic bones Uric Acid Ceca Plumage Medullary Cloaca Filoplumes Shank Erythrocyte Gizzard **Ductus Deferens** Inhalation Leukocyte Rudimentary phallus Exhalation

Deglutition

Integumentary System	Respiratory System	Skeletal System	Digestive System	Circulatory System	Urinary System	Reproductive System

T or F

1.	Anatomy is the science of the structure of animals.
2.	Physiology is the science that deals with the functions of the living organism and its parts.
3.	Dorsal relates to the lower and abdominal surface.
4.	Cranial or anterior applies to the front or head.
5.	Caudal or posterior pertains to the tail or rear.
6.	Ventral relates to the lower and abdominal surface.
7.	Dorsal pertains to the upper surface of the animal.
8.	Birds have many rows of very small teeth.

9	Birds lack a diaphragm to inflate and deflate their lungs.
10	_Pneumatic bones are hollow.
11	_The crop functions to store and digest feed.
12	_The gizzard is muscular and grinds the feed.
13	_Cloaca is another term for vent.
14	_Heart, blood vessels, blood and liver are parts of the circulatory system
15	_Uric acid is very high in nitrogen.
16	_Poultry have only one functioning ovary.